

Todd Q2 2022 International Intrinsic Value Opportunity Review

	2Q 2022	YTD	1 Year	3 Year*	5 Year*	7 Year*	Since Inception* (07/01/14)
International IV Opportunity (Gross)	-13.7%	-12.6%	-15.9%	1.8%	1.6%	1.7%	0.7%
(Net)	-13.9%	-12.9%	-16.6%	0.9%	0.8%	0.8%	-0.2%
MSCI ACWI ex-US (Net)	-13.7%	-18.4%	-19.4%	1.4%	2.5%	2.9%	1.9%
MSCI ACWI ex-US Value (Net)	-11.9%	-11.8%	-12.8%	0.6%	1.2%	1.7%	0.4%

* Annualized Total Returns. Please refer to the attached Performance Disclosure for further information.

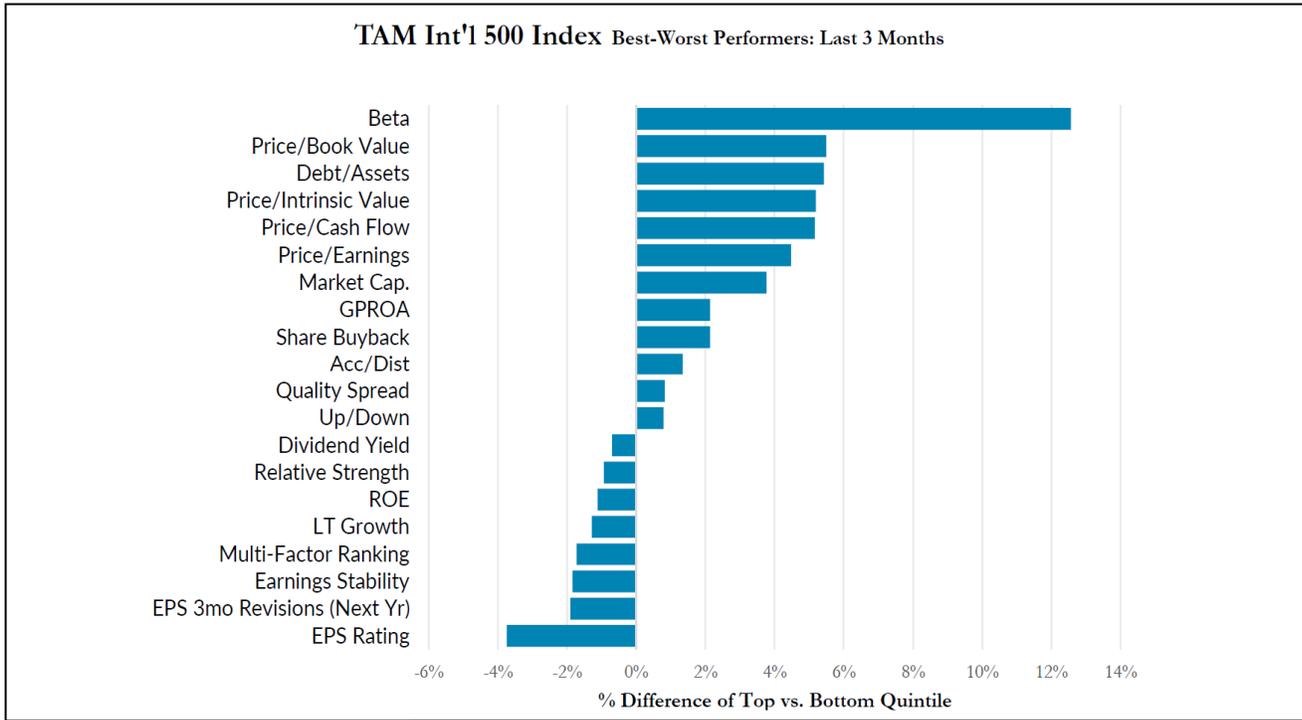
Performance Review

Markets sold off sharply in June to close out one of the worst starts to a calendar year we have seen. Value continues to outperform Growth, though leadership has shifted to more defensive pockets and sectors within Value as recessionary fears weigh on sentiment. Our International IV Opportunity strategy (gross) was in-line with the ACWI ex-US for the quarter and remains ahead of the benchmark over the past 1 and 3 year time frames. The strategy lags the core index over longer time frames and matches to exceeds the value index.

Policy oriented headwinds are clouding the economic outlook and perpetuating many of the concerns facing investors. Recessionary risks have clearly risen and seem to be well priced into markets given the bear market we witnessed in the first half. Markets may have further downside, but it seems that much of the damage has been done and off-ramps from current policy stances could do wonders to improve sentiment from historically low levels. Global central banks are rapidly tightening policy to combat stubbornly high inflation. While a rollover in headline inflation readings seems elusive, a number of important components of the global inflation basket have materially weakened in recent months (most notably commodity prices) which gives us the sense that inflation may indeed be in the process of peaking. Better prospects for inflation coming back down would provide a welcome off-ramp for central bankers to become less hawkish. The Russia/Ukraine war is another source of uncertainty. Territorial gains in recent weeks have left most of the Donbas region under Russian military control. Putin likely miscalculated the magnitude of sanctions and large troop losses that followed the invasion. We aren't military strategists, but the ability to redraw the Russian border around the Donbas region could provide an off-ramp and opportunity to deescalate the war. Painfully high energy and food prices also seem to have forced the West into looking for some agreement to bring an end to the war as well. Lastly, China's "Zero-Covid" policy is a final major hurdle for global growth. Lockdowns have been costly and resulted in large markdowns to economic growth. This comes as Xi Jinping is seeking to secure a 3rd term later this fall. Policy has become much more stimulative in recent months and the government is trying to ease Covid related restrictions to spur growth. If the market gets comfortable with any of these off-ramps materializing, we think

a better policy environment would clear up visibility and pave the way for a stronger second half of the year. Time will tell. In the meantime we take solace in the fact that Value continues to display leadership through this bear market, providing a nice tailwind to our strategy.

Factor performance



Source: Bloomberg, William O'Neill + Co. and Todd Asset Management as of 6/30/22

Our customary factor attribution for Q2 2022 is presented above. This chart measures the performance of the best 100 stocks versus the least attractive 100 stocks within the largest 500 international stocks in our database, ranked by factor over the past quarter. Low Beta, value support, low debt and higher quality companies have been in favor. Investors were distrustful of earnings measures and higher growth companies during the quarter. As uncertainty has risen, investors have sought the comfort of low volatility and better valuation. We find it somewhat surprising that investors did not seek out earnings stability and our multi-factor ranking during the quarter, but our disciplines have still performed well despite that.

While relative performance was a push for the quarter, stock selection within Materials, Energy and Technology was the most additive. This helped to offset drags from Financials and Discretionary. Regionally stock selection detracted due largely to our picks in Europe, but Emerging Markets and Japan helped to partially offset this. Sector positioning has increased its weighting in Materials, Financials and Energy over the past few rebalances. The newly rebalanced portfolio for July holds a higher weight in Energy vs. last quarter as a number of

names rank high within the Relative Strength tranche. Financials, Technology and Discretionary are other sectors that are being emphasized by the strategy.

Our top 5 names contributing to performance this quarter were Vipshop, Repsol, Kirin Holdings, Centrais Eletricas (Eletrobras), and KT Corp. Vipshop had the wind at its back during the quarter as Chinese policymakers promised less draconian Covid-19 measures going forward and China returned to economic stimulus mode. Repsol performed well during the first half of the quarter as oil prices strengthened throughout April and May, then fell sharply as oil dropped nearly 10% in the month of June, posting slightly positive gains for the quarter but holding up much better than the index. Kirin Holdings is a defensive play with a food and beverages, pharmaceuticals, and health science business. This makeup of defensive products and services allowed Kirin to outperform as the rest of the market sold off. Eletrobras has benefitted all year due to its defensive characteristics in the power generation business. Similar to other names in the strategy that outperformed during the quarter, KT Corp is a defensive play. The telco business has remained stable in Korea and is expected to see moderate earnings growth while KT has been executing well on 5G.

Our top 5 names detracting from performance this quarter were Janus Henderson, Logitech, Vale, Swiss Life Holding, and Chugai Pharma. The selloff in global equity and fixed income markets weighed on shares of Janus Henderson, an active asset manager. The company also mentioned rising costs and continued net outflows, adding to poor performance during the quarter. Logitech cited supply chain pressures are leading to margin compression. This dynamic, paired with the fear of a larger scale economic slowdown crimping the consumer and hurting PC sales caused a selloff in the shares during the quarter. Vale slid during the second quarter on weakening commodity prices caused by recession fears and muted demand forecasts, which really accelerated during the latter half of June. Swiss Life Holdings has faced challenges surrounding the highly regulated pension provision programs within Switzerland that require government-mandated minimum guarantees. These guarantees pose challenges in the current low interest rate environment. Chugai ran into problems during the quarter with Covid-19 drug revenues starting to roll over and sales forecasts for Hemlibra (Hemophilia A treatment) coming down. This was amplified by yen weakness driving up input costs for certain drugs.

Bear markets are difficult in ordinary times, like when an excess is clearly visible, and economies are working it off. This bear market is more difficult than most as investors are anticipating a stagflation environment where a recession is accompanied by significantly tighter policies. Inflation is running hot, which has most Developed Market central banks on edge and seeking to normalize rates. We believe inflation could be peaking and could decline in the second half, which would lessen the urgency of those rate moves and could lead to some better sentiment for the markets. For now, investors seem to be waiting to see if a recession develops or inflation remains high. Bond markets have already done a lot of the heavy lifting for the central banks though and if off-ramps develop for the war-related inflation concerns, Central Bank anxiety, or zero-Covid shutdowns, markets could be in for a better second half. Until then, the pressure

remains on stocks to prove they can work through the current issues. We believe investors should make sure they are positioned in the new market leadership, which is value stocks. Macro trends favor rates remaining higher post Covid, which has pressured the more expensive growth stocks and caused a cycle change. When markets eventually recover, we believe the Value style should be the leadership for the next several years.

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MSCI ACWI ex-US (Net) – 267
MSCI ACWI ex-US Value (Net) – 147

Refer to Performance Disclosure on the following page for more information on the performance numbers presented. These notes are an integral part of this letter and should not be reproduced or duplicated without these notes.

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TODD ASSET MANAGEMENT LLC INTERNATIONAL INTRINSIC VALUE OPPORTUNITY COMPOSITE DISCLOSURE

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Specific stocks discussed in this presentation are included to help demonstrate the investment process or, as a review of the Composite's results; and are not intended as recommendations of said securities and carry no implications about past or future performance. All or some of the specific stocks mentioned may have been purchased or sold by accounts within the Composite during the period, or since the period, and may be purchased or sold in the future. A complete listing of the holdings as of the period end is available upon request. The compilation of information contained herein may reflect the views and opinions of TAM financial professionals at the time of creation which may change at any time without prior notification.

Todd Asset Management LLC ("TAM") is a registered investment adviser. The performance presented represents a composite of fully discretionary accounts invested primarily in large cap internationally domiciled, US traded equity securities using a rules based process based on intrinsic value, financial strength, profitability strength, and market acceptance. The objective is to seek capital appreciation.

Todd Asset Management LLC, formerly Todd-Veredus Asset Management LLC began operations on June 1, 1998 as Veredus Asset Management LLC (VAM). Effective May 1, 2009, VAM combined with Todd Investment Advisors, Inc. (TIA). TIA (and its predecessors) was founded in 1967 by Bosworth M. Todd. Upon the combination of VAM and TIA in 2009, Veredus Asset Management LLC changed its name to Todd-Veredus Asset Management LLC (TVAM). On February 28, 2013, after a change in ownership involving some VAM unitholders, TVAM changed its name to Todd Asset Management LLC. The firm continues to offer the same strategies managed by individuals using the process founded under TIA.

The International Intrinsic Value Opportunity Composite contains fully discretionary accounts that use the MSCI ACWI ex-US Index as the benchmark. All fee-paying, fully discretionary portfolios under our management are included in a composite. Accounts are eligible for inclusion in the composite at the beginning of the first calendar quarter after the month of initial funding and upon being fully invested.

TAM claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS[®]). The Firm has been independently verified for the periods January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2020. VAM was verified for the period July 1, 1989 through December 31, 2007 by a previous verifier. TIA's compliance with the GIPS[®] standards has been verified for the period January 1, 1993 through April 30, 2009. The International Intrinsic Value Opportunity Composite has been examined for the periods July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2020. GIPS[®] is a registered trademark of CFA Institute. CFA Institute does not endorse or promote this organization, nor does it warrant the accuracy or quality of the content contained herein. To receive additional information regarding TAM, including a GIPS Composite Report for the strategy presented, contact Monica Slyter at 1-888-544-8633, or write Todd Asset Management LLC, 101 South Fifth Street, Suite 3100, Louisville, Kentucky 40202, or mslyter@toddasset.com.

The performance information is presented on a trade date basis, both gross and net of management fees, net of transaction costs and foreign withholding taxes, and includes the reinvestment of all income. Net of fee performance was calculated using the applicable annual management fee schedule of 0.80% applied monthly. Actual investment advisory fees incurred by clients may vary. The currency used to calculate and express performance is U.S. dollars. All cash reserves and equivalents have been included in the performance.

The composite performance has been compared to the following benchmark. The index is unmanaged, and not available for direct investment; it includes reinvestment of dividends; it does not reflect management fees or transaction costs. The volatility of the index and a client account will not be the same.

MSCI ACWI ex-U.S. (net) Index is a float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure the combined equity market performance of developed and emerging market countries excluding the United States. The ACWI ex-U.S. includes both developed and emerging markets. For investors who benchmark their U.S. and international stocks separately, this index provides a way to monitor international exposure apart from U.S. investments. The net index takes into account the impact of tax withholdings on dividend income.

MSCI ACWI Value (net) Index is a float-adjusted index of securities exhibiting overall value style characteristics across both developed and emerging markets. The value investment style characteristics for index construction are defined using three variables: book value to price, 12-month forward earnings to price and dividend yield.

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